6. Specifications

406MHz Transmitter	
Transmit Power (EIRP)	12W
Frequency	406.031 MHz ±1KHz
Modulation	Phase ±1.1 Radians (16K0G1D)
Encoding	Biphase L
Rate	400 bps
121.5MHz Transmitter	
Transmit Power (PERP)	50mW±3dB
Frequency	121.5 MHz
Modulation Duty Cycle	>35%
Modulation Factor	0.85 to1.00
Frequency Stability	±50ppm
Duty Cycle	>98%
Strobe and Night Vision Lights	
Light Type	High Intensity LED & Infrared (IR)
Light Colour	White and IR
Average Intensity Visible	>1 candela
Average Intensity Night Vision Light	15mW/sr
Flash Rate	24 per minute (nom.)
Battery	
Type	Lithium Iron Disulphide (LiFeS2)
Operating Time	>48Hours @ -20°C
Battery Replacement Period	10 years
GNSS Receiver	
Satellite Channels	72 acquisition
Sensitivity	-167dBm
Cold Start / Re-acquisition	-148dBm / -160dBm
GNSS Antenna	Microstrip Patch
NFC Transmitter/Receiver	
Operating Frequency	13.56 MHz
General	
Dimensions of EPIRB (Inc. antenna)	410mm x 90mm x 101mm (16.1 x 3.5 x 3.9 in.)
Weight (EPIRB Only)	422grams (0.92lbs)
IEC60945 Category	Portable
Operating Temperature	Class 2 -20C to +55C
Storage Temperature	Class 2 -30C to +70C
Waterproof (EPIRB)	10m depth for 1 hour
Auto Release Depth	4m maximum
Expected Life (EPIRB and Bracket)	In excess of 10 years

912S-04396 v01.00 03/05/2023

rescueME EPIRB2 Pro

Category 1 406MHz EPIRB (With RLS)

DOWNLOAD THE FULL USER MANUAL
oceansignal.com/products/epirb2-pro

OWNER DETAILS

Name

Vessel

CONTACT

Tel.

Email

BEACON REGISTRATION

It is the owner's responsibility to register this beacon with the appropriate National Authority before operation.

Documentation is provided within the packaging with information regarding registration with the relevant body to comply with the required configuration of the beacon.

ATTACH YOUR BEACON DETAILS HERE

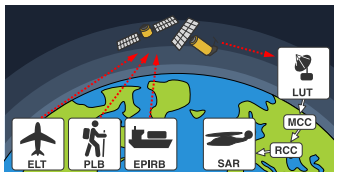
GET THE MOBILE APP. TO SEE YOUR BEACON'S TEST INFORMATION

Android iOS

1. ABOUT YOUR EPIRB

1.1 COSPAS/SARSAT System

The basic Cospas-Sarsat concept is illustrated in the adjacent figure. The System is composed of:



- distress radio beacons (ELTs for aviation use, EPIRBs for maritime use, and PLBs for personal use) which transmit signals during distress situations
- instruments on board satellites in geostationary and low-altitude Earth orbits which detect the signals transmitted by distress radio beacons
- ground receiving stations, referred to as Local Users Terminals (LUTs), which receive and process the satellite downlink signal to generate distress alerts
- Mission Control Centers (MCCs) which receive alerts produced by LUTs and forward them to Rescue Coordination Centers (RCCs), Search and Rescue Points Of Contacts (SPOCs) or other MCCs

The Cospas-Sarsat System includes two types of satellites:

- satellites in low-altitude Earth orbit (LEO) which form the LEOSAR System
- satellites in geostationary Earth orbit (GEO) which form the GEOSAR System

The future Cospas-Sarsat System will include a new type of satellite in the medium-altitude Earth orbit (MEO) which will form the MEOSAR System.

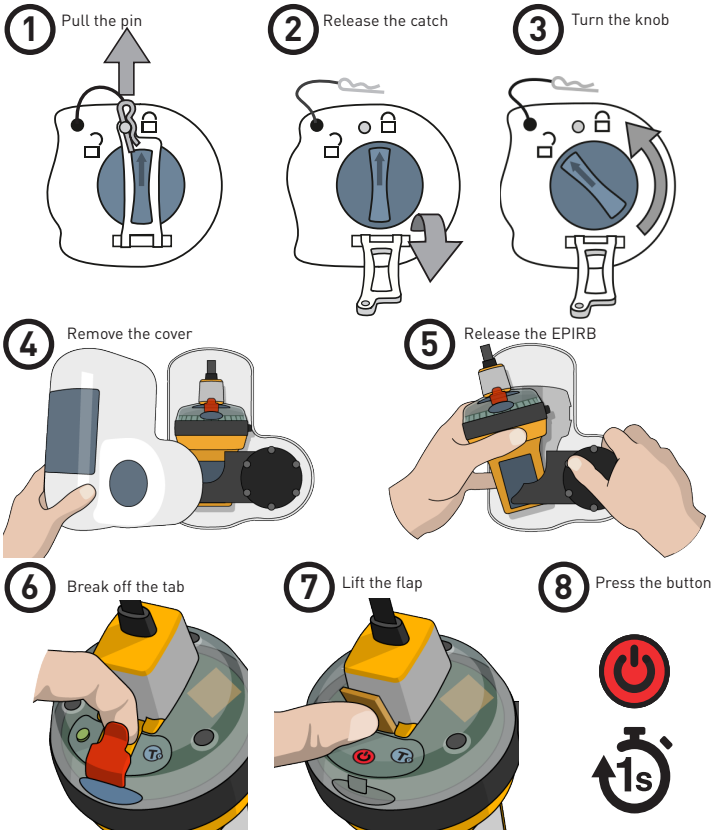
1.2 Return Link Service

The Galileo Return Link Service (RLS) is a free-of-charge global service available to Cospas-Sarsat RLS compatible beacons. The new functionality, currently offered uniquely by Galileo, enables a communication link that relays Return Link Messages (RLM) back to the originating beacon through the Galileo Navigation Signal in Space.
The RLS feature is an indication on the EPIRB2 Pro that confirms to the User that the distress signal from the EPIRB2 Pro has been localised by the Cospas-Sarsat system and is being sent to the SAR authorities. It does NOT mean that a search and rescue mission has been launched, but only confirms that the distress alert has been received by the Cospas-Sarsat system and is being routed to the appropriate SAR agencies. The RLS aims to send an acknowledgment to the beacon within 30 minutes following activation (the response may not be received by the beacon for significantly longer). RLS is an optional function and may not be permitted in all countries. The full RLS specification can be found here: https://gsc-europa.eu/sites/default/files/sites/all/files/Galileo-SAR-SDD.pdf

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY

USE ONLY IN SITUATIONS OF GRAVE AND IMMINENT DANGER

MANUAL ACTIVATION



NOTE: **Remove the rubber lanyard cover and tie the lanyard to the life raft or your person to prevent loss. DO NOT tie to a vessel that is in danger of sinking.**

NOTE: **Once removed from the bracket the EPIRB2 will automatically activate when placed in the water. To deactivate remove from the water.**

2. OPERATION

WARNING: Use only in situations of grave and imminent danger. Deliberate misuse may result in a severe penalty.

Ensure that your beacon is always fitted with an unused battery that is within the marked expiry date. Failure to do so may result in reduced operating time when used in a real emergency. Please observe the recommendations on testing in section 9 of the User Manual.

Category 1 beacons are designed to be automatically deployed from the Automatic Release Housing and will automatically be activated on contact with the water. Category 1 beacons MUST be removed from the housing before they can be manually activated.

To prevent loss, secure the beacon to your person or life raft using the attached lanyard.

Never secure the lanyard to the vessel, this will cause the EPIRB to sink with the vessel.

When active the beacon is designed to operate while floating in the water. For best operation do not take the beacon into a life raft or obstruct the upper case.

2.1 Optical Indications on activation

- The LED will illuminate green (blue if RLS is enabled) for 1 second.
- The strobe light will start flashing.
- Within 1 minute of activation, the indicator LED will flash a quick burst of 5 indicating 406MHz transmission*.

2.2 Deactivation

To deactivate your beacon after use or if it is accidentally activated, press and hold the ON/OFF Key until the LED flashes red twice, then release.

2.3 Automatic Activation (Ensure the Antenna is released)

The beacon requires removal from the Auto Release Housing to allow automatic activation. As the beacon is released from the bracket the water contacts are enabled. Place the EPIRB2 Pro in the water to activate. Only manual activation is possible while the EPIRB remains in the Auto Release Housing.

For full installation details see the User Manual:
www.oceansignal.com/products/epirb2-pro

* The first 406MHz transmission is made between 48 and 52 seconds following activation.

2.4 LED Indications with RLS Enabled

LED	When	Transmit	GNSS	RLS
(x1)	Every 5 s		Searching	
(x3)	Once each cycle		Fix acquired	
(x5)	At transmit	406MHz	No Fix	RLS Request sent
(x5)	At transmit	406MHz	Fix acquired	RLS Request sent
(x1)	Every 2.5 s*	121MHz		RLS Reply not received
(x1)	Every 2.5 s*	121MHz		RLS Reply received
(x1)	Every 2.5 s			

4. TESTING

Routine testing of your beacon once a month is highly recommended to ensure it is in good working order. Follow the guidance notes in the User Manual for the frequency that tests should be carried out. Each test reduces operation time of your beacon in an emergency.

4.1 Functional test

To test your beacon is functioning correctly, press and hold the TEST key for 1 to 2 seconds. The LED will illuminate red to indicate the key has been pressed, then start flashing. Release the TEST Key when flashing. After a short pause the strobe will flash and the indicator LED will produce a flash sequence.

A passed test flash sequence indicates the total number of hours that the battery has already been in use, up to the time that the test was initiated.

4.2 LED Indications with RLS Enabled

No. of Flashes	Functional Test Pass	Fail
1	0 to 1hr 59min	121.5MHz homer
2	2hrs to 3hrs 59min	406MHz power
3	4hrs to 5hrs 59min	
4	6hrs to 7hrs 59min	
5	8hrs to 9hrs 59min	Battery failure
6	10hrs +	No GNSS

4.3 LED Indications for units configured with non-RLS Protocol

No. of Flashes	Functional Test Pass	Fail
1	0 to 1hr 59min	121.5MHz homer
2	2hrs to 3hrs 59min	406MHz power
3	4hrs to 5hrs 59min	
4	6hrs to 7hrs 59min	
5	8hrs to 9hrs 59min	Battery failure
6	10hrs +	No GNSS

Because this test transmits a short burst on the aircraft distress frequency of 121.5MHz, please only carry out this test in the first 5 minutes of each hour.

The battery must be replaced either prior to the expiry date shown on the rear label or after the EPIRB2 has been activated.

If, during a self test, the LED flashes magenta or amber the EPIRB2 Pro may not have sufficient energy to operate for the specified 48-hour period. Battery replacement is recommended.

NOTE: More information regarding test results is available using the Mobile App.

2.5 LED Indications for units configured with non-RLS Protocol

LED	When	Transmit	GNSS
(x1)	Every 5 s		Searching
(x3)	Once each cycle		Fix acquired
(x5)	At transmit	406MHz	No Fix
(x5)	At transmit	406MHz	Fix acquired
(x1)	Every 2.5 s*	121MHz	
(x1)	Every 2.5 s		

NOTE:
Non-RLS Protocol is usually country specific and is not a user changeable function.

* The 121MHz Homer will not transmit until after the second 406MHz transmission.

3. HRU REPLACEMENT

The EPIRB2 Pro is mounted in an Auto Release Housing, this contains a HR1E Hydrostatic Release Unit (HRU). The HRU unit must be replaced two years after installation - the expiry date is marked on the HRU and on the front of the housing.

If this date has been reached then the HRU must be replaced with an Ocean Signal HR1E, failure to do so may result in the HRU not operating correctly during an emergency situation.

See the User Manual for further information regarding the HRU replacement procedure.

NOTE: The expiry date should be two years from the date of installation on to your vessel, but no more than three years from the date of manufacture provided.

Note the HRU Expiry Date here: _____

4. INSPECTION

During the monthly EPIRB self test it is advised that the following inspection is performed.

- Inspect the EPIRB for obvious signs of damage including the state of the antenna. Any creases in the antenna may cause the operation of the EPIRB to be impaired.
- Confirm that the EPIRB is securely mounted on the Manual Bracket.
- Inspect the lanyard and ensure it is not attached to any structures.
- Confirm the battery is within the specified expiry date.
- Clean the EPIRB and mounting. It is recommended that the EPIRB is cleaned only using a damp cloth.

There are no user serviceable parts inside the EPIRB2 Pro.

DO NOT OPEN THE EPIRB2 Pro, DOING SO WILL INVALIDATE THE WARRANTY AND MAY CAUSE FALSE ALERTS.

4.4 GNSS Test

This test should only be performed where the EPIRB2 Pro has a clear and unobstructed view of the sky. This is required to allow the GNSS receiver to acquire a signal from sufficient satellites to allow it to determine a position. Ensure the area marked "GNSS Antenna" is not obstructed.

It is recommended that a GNSS test is carried out at least once every six months to ensure correct operation of the EPIRB2 Pro.

Press and hold the TEST key for 5 seconds. The LED will illuminate red to indicate the key has been pressed, then start flashing. Shortly after, the LED will cease flashing and become a steady red light. Release the TEST key when the LED is steady red.

During the GNSS test the LED will repeat a long red flash followed by a short green flash until either a position fix is obtained or the GNSS test fails.

A successful test will be indicated by a number of green LED flashes and an unsuccessful test will be indicated by a number of red LED flashes. The number of flashes indicates the number of GNSS tests remaining (e.g. 7 flashes = 7 tests remaining).

The test result flashes will be repeated after 2 seconds.

If there are 10 or more tests remaining then the LED will flash 10 times only (repeated).

The EPIRB2 Pro has the capacity to carry out 60 GNSS tests within the lifetime of the battery.

If there are no tests remaining immediately after the current test, the LED will flash green or red rapidly for three seconds (not repeated) depending on whether the GNSS test was successful or not, respectively.

When there are no tests remaining, the LED will flash red rapidly for three seconds on key release (not repeated).

The test can be ended at any time by holding the TEST key for 1 to 2 seconds.

For further information regarding Self Test and Self Test history use the Ocean Signal App to connect to your EPIRB2 Pro using Near Field Communication (NFC).

5. APPROVALS

In addition to Cospas Sarsat Type Acceptance, the EPIRB2 Pro complies with the following National Approvals:

5.1 European Union

Hereby, Ocean Signal Ltd. declares that the radio equipment type EPIRB2 Pro is in compliance with Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU. The DoC can be found on following website link:
https://oceansignal.com/approvals-documents/

5.2 UK

Complies with UK Radio Equipment Regulation (UK RER):2017

5.3 USA

Complies with FCC 47 CFR Part 80 and US Coast Guard requirements

5.4 Canada

Complies with ISED RSS GEN and RSS287

5.5 Australia/New Zealand

Complies with AS/NZS 4280.1

See "www.oceansignal.com/approvals-documents" for documentation.